

National Plans of Action to End Violence Against Children

NNAPes — Trifold Overview (English)

What are National Plans of Action (NNAPes)?

National Plans of Action to End Violence against Children (NNAPes) are comprehensive, multi-sectoral, time-bound policy frameworks adopted by governments to prevent and respond to all forms of violence against children. They translate international commitments — including the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC) and the UN Study on Violence against Children — into concrete national action.

Key Elements of an Effective NNAPe

An effective National Plan of Action includes: (1) a clear legal and policy framework; (2) inter-agency coordination mechanisms; (3) disaggregated data collection and monitoring; (4) dedicated budget allocations; (5) child participation; and (6) regular reporting and review cycles.

Global Progress

Governments across all regions have adopted NNAPes as a primary vehicle for ending violence against children. As of 2017, more than 60 countries had adopted dedicated national plans. The SRSG on Violence against Children supports governments in developing, implementing, and monitoring their NNAPes.

Call to Action

The SRSG calls on all governments that have not yet done so to adopt a National Plan of Action to End Violence against Children, ensure adequate financing, and report regularly on progress to the Committee on the Rights of the Child.

For more information: srsg.violenceagainstchildren.org